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## Lawyer Leads--

Notre Dame Law Review Editors

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## LAWYER LEADS —

C. Rudolf Peterson is a partner in the firm, Lee Toomey & Kent, Washington, D.C. He received his A.B. degree from Princeton University in 1928 and his LL.B. from the Columbia University School of Law in 1931. Mr. Peterson served in the Office of Chief Counsel, Bureau of Internal Revenue from 1937 to 1942 and held the position of Assistant Head of the Legislation & Regulations Division during the years '41 and '42. He is a member of the American Bar Association, the New York State Bar Association, the Bar Association of the District of Columbia, the American Law Institute and is Technical Adviser to the National Tax Committee, Controllers Institute of America. Among the articles Mr. Peterson has written are: *The Statutory Evolution of the Excess Profits Tax*, 10 LAW & CONTEMP. PROB. 3 (1943); *Corporation Taxes for Defense*, Chemical & Engineering News (April 1950); *The Internal Revenue Code of 1954*, The Controller (Oct. 1954). Mr. Peterson's present article in the Lawyer is the first installment in a series of two articles. The second will appear in the May issue of the Lawyer.

Laurance M. Hyde is presently a Judge of the Missouri Supreme Court. He received his A.B. from the University of Missouri in 1914 and his LL.B. from the University of Missouri School of Law in 1916 as well as his LL.D. in 1948. Judge Hyde served as Commissioner for the Missouri Supreme Court from 1931 to 1942. Since 1942 he has served in the capacity of judge and from 1949 through 1951 he held the position of Chief Justice on that Court. In addition to being a member of the American Law Institute, the American Bar Association and the American Judicature Society, Judge Hyde belongs to Phi Delta Phi, Phi Beta Kappa and Order of the Coif. His writings for law reviews

and legal journals are numerous and extensive. Among the writings he has authored are: *Historical Review of the Judicial System of Missouri*, 27 VERN. ANN. MO. STAT. 1 and *The Missouri Plan for Selection and Tenure of Judges*, 9 F.R.D. 457. Judge Hyde served as a lieutenant with the 338th Infantry, 85th Division during World War I.

Leon R. Yankwich, Chief Judge, U.S. District Court (S.D. Calif.), has for many years been interested in the law relating to the creation, expression and communication of ideas. As attorney for the Los Angeles Record before becoming a Judge of the Superior Court of California in 1927, he assisted in the trial of many important libel cases involving that newspaper. In *Snively v. Record Publishing Co.*, 185 Cal. 565, 198 Pac. 1 (1921), he secured from the Supreme Court of California a decision which applies the doctrine of privileged communications to publications concerning persons in public office. By this decision California became one of the states in which this doctrine is applied to newspapers and all other commentators on matters public. Judge Yankwich's interest in the subject has continued to the present time. In 1929 he published a volume entitled *ESSAYS IN THE LAW OF LIBEL*. In 1950 he published a more extensive treatment of the subject in a large volume entitled *IT'S LIBEL OR CONTEMPT IF YOU PRINT IT*. His most recent articles on the subject are: *The Right of Privacy*, 27 NOTRE DAME LAW. 499 (1952); *The Protection of Newspaper Comments on Public Men and Public Matters*, 11 LA. LAW. REV. 327 (1951); *The Law of Defamation and Privacy as a Restraint on Expression and Creation*, THE ARTS, PUBLISHING AND THE LAW, 117 (CONF. SERIES No. 10, U OF CHI. LAW SCHOOL) (1952); *Trends in the Law Affecting Media of Communication*, 15 F.R.D. 291 (1954).

*“If anyone . . . believes he can practice law without the investment of many hours of wearisome toil and actual physical labor, without the shouldering of many heavy burdens of care, without the suffering of many bitter disappointments, and without being subjected to harsh and unfounded accusations of unfaithfulness to his trust, let him change his course now before it is too late. The practice of law does indeed offer compensations other than financial, but it should be constantly borne in mind that whoever aspires to eminence in that field must love it and live it, for none other can survive its rigors.”* From an address by Chief Justice Floyd S. Draper of the Indiana Supreme Court before a Special Convocation at Valparaiso University on May 6, 1954.